Financial Statements

KIYOOKA LAND TRUST FOUNDATION Index to Financial Statements Year Ended May 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT PRACTITIONER'S REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT

To the Members of Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation (the foundation) that comprise the statement of financial position as at May 31, 2024, and the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO), and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Practitioner's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements, which require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements.

A review of financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements is a limited assurance engagement. The practitioner performs procedures, primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures, and evaluates the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in a review are substantially less in extent than, and vary in nature from, those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation as at May 31, 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

King + Company

Edmonton, AB September 3, 2024

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Statement of Financial Position

As at May 31, 2024

	OTECTED NDS FUND	OI	PERATING FUND	2024 Total		2023 Total	
ASSETS							
CURRENT							
Cash	\$ -	\$	39,393	\$	39,393	\$	61,046
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 2)	 500,000		160,876		660,876		647,000
	\$ 500,000	\$	200,269	\$	700,269	\$	708,046
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued							
liabilities	\$ -	\$	3,220	\$	3,220	\$	3,247
FUND BALANCES							
Invested in capital assets	500,000		160,876		660,876		647,000
Externally restricted	-		727		727		20,000
Unrestricted	 -		35,446		35,446		37,799
	 500,000	an san she sa	197,049	- No an angle an ang	697,049		704,799
	\$ 500,000	\$	200,269	\$	700,269	\$	708,046

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Barbana Scuel Director

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Statement of Operations

	PROTECTED LANDS FUND			ERATING FUND	202	4 TOTAL	202	23 TOTAL
REVENUE								
PROPERTY								
Long term rentals	\$	-	\$	7,100	\$	7,100	\$	12,800
Short term rentals	Ψ	-	Ψ	5,278	Ψ	5,278	Ŷ	3,796
Other		-		150		150		-
		_		12,528		12,528		16,596
FUNDRAISING				12,520		12,020		10,570
Donations		_		225		225		18,147
Memberships		_		140		140		440
Donations in kind		-		-		-		4,125
		-		365		365		22,712
		-		12,893		12,893		39,308
EXPENSES								
Professional fees		_		2,850		2,850		7,408
Insurance		-		1,130		1,130		771
Office		-		745		745		2,184
Donation in kind expense		-		-		-		4,124
1		_		4,725		4,725		14,487
PROPERTY) -)
Amortization		-		5,880		5,880		3,000
Utilities		-		5,649		5,649		5,685
Insurance		-		2,444		2,444		2,500
Supplies and bank fees		-		1,945		1,945		972
		-		15,918		15,918		12,157
		-		20,643		20,643		26,644
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES								
FROM OPERATIONS		-		(7,750)		(7,750)		12,664
OTHER EXPENSES Contribution to Vancity								20.207
Community Foundation		-		-		-		38,385
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE								
OVER EXPENSES	\$	-	\$	(7,750)	\$	(7,750)	\$	(25,721)

Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

			xternally estricted Unrestrict		restricted	ted 2024		2023	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 647,000	\$	20,000	\$	37,799	\$	704,799	\$	57,232
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(5,880)		-		(1,870)		(7,750)		(25,721)
Grant funding for purchase of capital assets	-		-		-		-		177,000
Externally restricted donations	-		-		-		-		496,288
Purchase of capital assets	 19,756		(19,273)		(483)		-		-
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 660,876	\$	727	\$	35,446	\$	697,049	\$	704,799

Statement of Cash Flows

	2024	2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$ (7,750)	\$ (25,721)
Item not affecting cash:		
Amortization of capital assets	 5,880	3,000
	(1,870)	(22,721)
Change in non-cash working capital: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(27)	2 247
Accounts payable and accrued habitities	 (27)	3,247
Cash flow used by operating activities	 (1,897)	(19,474)
INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of capital assets	 (19,756)	(650,000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Grant funding for purchase of capital assets	-	177,000
Donations for purchase of capital assets	-	326,288
Externally restricted donations received	 -	170,000
Cash flow from financing activities	 -	673,288
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(21,653)	3,814
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 61,046	57,232
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 39,393	\$ 61,046

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended May 31, 2024

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation (KLTF) is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the Societies Act of British Columbia on May 31, 2021. The foundation is a registered charitable organization and is exempt from income taxes under 149(1)(1) of the Canadian Income Tax Act, as long as it maintains charitable status.

The main purposes of KLTF include:

- the conservation and protection of Canada's environmental heritage for the benefit of the public by acquiring land for conservation purposes, which include preserving, protecting, and enhancing the flora, fauna, and the general ecological integrity of lands held in trust in the Robson Valley region and adjacent areas; and
- the advancement of education, increasing the public's understanding, and enhancing community awareness about the importance of supporting and maintaining the ecological integrity of natural areas in the Robson Valley region as valuable environmental and educational assets, by providing educational programs and materials such as natural and historical information, photographic documentation, workshops, public artistic performances, signage, self-guided tours, interpretive trails, and public demonstrations on environmental sustainability.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Fund Accounting

Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The Protected Lands Fund accounts for the the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation's land held.

The Operating Fund accounts for the foundation's operational income and expenses. This fund reports unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants.

Revenue Recognition

Kiyooka Land Trust Foundation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions related to general operations are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. All other restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate restricted fund.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Contributed Services

Contributed materials and services are recorded in the financial statements at fair value when fair value can be reasonably estimated. Because of the difficulty in determining the fair value of volunteer time, these services are not recognized in the financial statements.

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1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash

Cash is comprised of cash held in financial institutions.

Capital Assets

Capital assets is stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and is amortized over its estimated useful life on a declining balance basis at a rate of 4% per annum.

The foundation regularly reviews its capital assets to eliminate obsolete items. Government grants are treated as a reduction of capital assets cost. Capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Financial Instruments

Initial Measurement

The foundation initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the foundation is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost.

The cost of a financial instrument in a related party transaction depends on whether the instrument has repayment terms. If it does, the cost is determined using its undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest and dividend payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. Otherwise, the cost is determined using the consideration transferred or received by the foundation in the transaction.

Subsequent Measurement

The foundation subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in earnings in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost using the straight-line method include cash. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Transaction Costs

Transaction costs attributable to financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value and to those originated or exchanged in a related party transaction are recognized in earnings in the period incurred. Transaction costs related to financial instruments originated or exchanged in an arm's length transaction that are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the original cost of the instrument. When the instrument is measured at amortized cost, transaction costs are recognized in earnings over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

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Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended May 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the foundation determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there are, and the foundation determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in earnings. If the indicators of impairment have decreased or no longer exist, the previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may be no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in earnings.

2. CAPITAL ASSETS

	 Cost		umulated	2024 et book value	2023 Net book value
Land Buildings	\$ 500,000 169,756	\$	- 8,880	\$ 500,000 160,876	\$ 500,000 147,000
	\$ 669,756	\$	8,880	\$ 660,876	\$ 647,000

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The foundation is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the foundation's risk exposure and concentration as of May 31, 2024.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The foundation is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its members and donors and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.